

HEALTHY CHICKENS

CEVAC IBIRD®: INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS UNDER CONTROL FROM THE HATCHERY.



Cevoc IBird®

Infectious bronchitis is caused by a chicken coronavirus. This virus is highly contagious and is present all over the world. It has the ability to replicate in the respiratory tract, the kidney and the oviduct of the birds. It causes severe economic losses in either broilers or laying hens. Infectious bronchitis virus is characterized by its capacity to mutate. Therefore multiple antigenic variants are generated and circulate with different, pathotype and immunotype characteristics.⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



CEVA GLOBAL REFERENCE IN INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS CONTROL



Bird®



THE VACCINE

Cevac IBird® is a vaccine which contains the attenuated 1/96 IBV strain, classified within the 793B genetic group. Applied together with a live Mass-type vaccine, Cevac IBird® provides a strong protection against Mass, 793B, QX, Q1, variant-2 (IS/1494), Italy-02, IS/885, D1456, Tunisian, Taiwanese and Malaysian IBV strains, including a reduction of the field virus shedding.

Through numerous laboratory and field trials, the safety and the efficacy of these vaccines, in combination with a Mass type live vaccine were demonstrated. Proper spray application protocols using Desvac[®] In Line Spray, and well defined post-vaccination monitoring procedures, help to achieve a high vaccination rate and a proper quality of application.



Ceva demonstrated that Cevac IBird[®] + Mass vaccine were fully compatible & safe when mixed for spray application in the hatchery, and provided protection against several challenge strains listed above.

CEVAC IBIRD® REDUCES THE CHALLENGE VIRUS SHEDDING OF VACCINATED BIRDS AFTER FIELD IBV CHALLENGE

VACCINATION	CHALLENGE STRAIN	IBV RNA LOAD REDUCTION
CEVAC IBIRD® + MASS VACCINE	QX	4.8 log ₁₀
	VARIANT-2	3.9 log ₁₀
	D1456 MIDDLE-EAST	3.1 log ₁₀
	J2/Q1	4.1 log ₁₀
	GA08	3.8 log ₁₀
	ARK	4.6 log ₁₀
	TUNISIAN	3.9 log ₁₀
	MALAYSIAN	4.6 log ₁₀

*The treated group birds received of the vaccines (CEVAC IBird® + Massachetts) at day-old, challenged at 3 weeks of age, and evaluated 5 days pós-challenge. The control group was not vaccinated, challenged at 3 weeks of age, and evaluated 5 days pós-challenge. The reduction was calculated based on the difference between the control and treated group.



THE REDUCTION

OBTAINED WAS BETWEEN 3,1 TO 4,8 LOG10, WHAT MEANS A REDUCTION OF 1.200 TO 60.000-FOLD REDUCTION OF VIRUS SHEDDING





ASSOCIATION OF

CEVAC IBIRD[®] + MASS VACCINE IN THE HATCHERY CAN PROTECT FOR 9 WEEKS.

PROTECTION OF CILIARY ACTIVITY





VACCINATION: ONE-DAY-OLD BROILERS (D0) WERE VACCINATED WITH CEVAC IBIRD® AND CEV-AC MASS L BY SPRAY.

CHALLENGE: ON D63, CHALLENGED WITH IB 793B (5 $LOG_{10} EID_{50}$ PER BIRD BY EYE-DROP)

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA: : CILIARY ACTIVITY OF TRACHEAL EXPLANTS ON THE 5TH DAY AFTER CHALLENGE (D68) AND QUANTIFICATION OF THE CHALLENGE VIRUS.

Source: Duration of Immunity following combined administration of Cevac IBird and Cevac Mass L in Broilers. Study summary (DV-093-2015), 2015

CEVAC IBIRD®: INFECTIOUS BRONCHITIS UNDER CONTROL FROM THE HATCHERY. Levoc





Bird

DESVAC® SPECIFIC EQUIPMENT HAVE BEEN SET TO APPLY CEVAC IBIRD® AT THE HATCHERY.

REFERENCES

- Cavanagh D and Naqui S,A. Infectious Bronchitis. IN saif YM editor. Disease of poultry 11th edition IA: lowa State Press;2003. P. 63-87. 2. Cook, J.K;A., Jackwood M. And Jones R.C.. The long view : 40 years of infectious bronchitis research. Avian Pathology june 2012,
- 41(3), 239-250.

- 41(3), 239-250.
 3. De Witt J.J., CookJ. K. A. and Van der Heijden Harold M. J. F. Infectious bronchitis virus variants:a review of the history, current situation and control measures. Avian Pathology june 2011, 40 (3), 223-235.
 4. T Tatar-Kis,Walkone Kovacs E., Felfoldi A., Nagy Z, Kiss I, Mato T, Palya V. Portection achieved by a vaccination programme comprising Mass and 793 B type vaccines against recent variant IBV strains circulating in the Middle East.VII Symposium on avian corona-& pneumovirus. Rauischholzhausen, Germany, june 2012, 194-203.
 5. TJ Herczeg, M Papp, L Makranszki, K Varga, Z Penzes. Evaluation the compatibility efficacy of variant infectious bronchitis live vaccine with conventional bronchitis and immune complex IBD vaccine in broilers. XXIV World's poultry congress Bahia 2012.
 6. Tatar-kis T. et al.,2016 Persistence of Massachusetts and 793B-type Infectious Bronchitis vaccine strains in commercial broilers following day-old vaccination

